#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT**

STOCK CODE : 0039

**COMPANY NAME** : GFM SERVICES BERHAD

FINANCIAL YEAR : December 31, 2019

#### **OUTLINE:**

#### SECTION A - DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Rule 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

# SECTION B - DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PERSUANT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

## SECTION A - DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Rule 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

#### **Intended Outcome**

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

# Practice 1.1

The board should set the company's strategic aims, ensure that the necessary resources are in place for the company to meet its objectives and review management performance. The board should set the company's values and standards, and ensure that its obligations to its shareholders and other stakeholders are understood and met.

| Application :   | Applied  |
|---|--|
| Explanation on application of the practice            | As set out in the Board Charter, the Board is responsible to shareholders for the management and performance of the Group, including the following matters:-  • Evaluating, approving and monitoring the Company's strategic and financial plans for the Group;  • Evaluating, approving and monitoring the annual budgets and business plans and evaluating the Group's performance in relation to them;  • Evaluating, approving and monitoring the progress of major capital expenditure, capital management, acquisitions, divestitures and all major corporate transactions including the issue and buy-back of any securities of the Company;  • Monitoring major litigation;  • Approving all financial reports to be published and related stock exchange announcements;  • Monitoring other material reporting and external communications by the Company;  • Approving the dividend policy and payment of dividends;  • Succession Planning, Evaluation and Appointments;  • Appointing external auditors (subject to shareholder's approval); and  • Considering and reviewing the social, ethical and environmental impact of the Group's activities and determining, monitoring and reviewing standards and policies to guide the Group in this regard. |
| Explanation for : departure                           |  |
|   |  |
| Large companies are requ<br>to complete the columns b | ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged pelow.  |
| Measure :   |  |
| Timeframe :   |  |

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

# Practice 1.2

A Chairman of the board who is responsible for instilling good corporate governance practices, leadership and effectiveness of the board is appointed.

| Application :                                | Applied   |
|--|---|
| Explanation on : application of the practice | The Company's Board Charter has specified the roles and responsibilities of the Chairman. The Board Charter is available on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.gfmservices.com.my">www.gfmservices.com.my</a> .  |
| practice                                     | Company's website at <u>www.gimservices.com.my</u> .  |
|  | The Chairman leads the Board and is responsible for ensuring the integrity and effectiveness of the governance process of the Board, acts as facilitator at the meetings and to ensure that Board proceedings are in compliance with good conduct and best practices. |
| Explanation for : departure                  |   |
|  |   |
| Large companies are requi                    | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged   |
| to complete the columns be                   |   |
| Measure :                                    |   |
| Timeframe :                                  |   |

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

**Practice 1.3**The positions of Chairman and CEO are held by different individuals.

| Application :   | Applied  |
|---|--|
| Explanation on application of the practice              | The positions of Chairman and CEO are separated and clearly defined in the Company's Board Charter, which is available on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.gfmservices.com.my">www.gfmservices.com.my</a> .  The Chairman of the Board, Mr. Abdul Rahim Bin Abdul Hamid is responsible for ensuring the integrity and effectiveness of the governance process of the Board, acts as facilitator at the meetings and ensure that Board proceedings are in compliance with good conduct and best practices.  The Group Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Jeffery Bin Mohammad Akhir is responsible for the daily management of the Group's operations and implementation of the Board's policies and decisions. He is responsible for communicating matters relating to the Group's business affairs and issues to the Board for its consideration and approval, where required. |
| Explanation for : departure                             |  |
|   |  |
| Large companies are requi<br>to complete the columns be | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.  |
| Measure :   |  |
| Timeframe :   |  |

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

# Practice 1.4

The board is supported by a suitably qualified and competent Company Secretary to provide sound governance advice, ensure adherence to rules and procedures, and advocate adoption of corporate governance best practices.

| Amplication  | Applied   |
|--|---|
| Application :  | Applied   |
| Explanation on : application of the practice             | The Company Secretary, Ms. Wong Youn Kim is a qualified Chartered Secretary (ICSA) and Associate Member of the Malaysian Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (MAICSA).  |
|  | The Company Secretary plays an advisory role to the Board in relation to the Company's Constitution, the Board's policies and procedures, and compliance with the relevant regulatory requirements, codes or guidance and legislations.   |
|  | The Company Secretary is suitably qualified, competent and capable of carrying out the duties required and has attended trainings and seminars conducted by relevant regulatories to keep abreast with the relevant updates on statutory and regulatory requirements and updates on the ACE Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities ("ACE LR"). |
|  | The Company Secretary also serves notice to the Directors and Principal Officers to notify them of closed periods for trading in the Company's shares, in accordance with Rule 14 of the ACE LR. Deliberations during the Board and Board Committees' meetings were properly minuted and documented by the Company Secretary.                           |
| Explanation for : departure                              |   |
|  |   |
| Large companies are requir<br>to complete the columns be | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.   |
| Measure :  |   |
| Timeframe :  |   |

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

# Practice 1.5

Directors receive meeting materials, which are complete and accurate within a reasonable period prior to the meeting. Upon conclusion of the meeting, the minutes are circulated in a timely manner.

| Application :   | Applied   |
|---|---|
| Explanation on application of the practice  | At least seven (7) days prior to each board meeting, members of the Board will be provided with an agenda and a set of board papers containing reports and other relevant information detailing various aspects of the Group's operations and performance to enable them to make informed decisions. The board papers may include financial, strategic and corporate proposals that require the Board's deliberation and approval.  The Senior Management, both external and internal auditors and/or advisers may be invited to attend the Board meetings, if required, to provide additional information on the relevant agenda tabled at the Board meetings.  All pertinent issues discussed at the Board meetings in arriving at the decisions and conclusions are properly recorded by the Company Secretary.  Besides Board meetings, the Board also exercises control on matters |
|   | that require its approval through the circulation of resolutions.   |
| Explanation for : departure   |   |
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| Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below. |   |
| Measure :   |   |
| Timeframe :   |   |

There is demarcation of responsibilities between the board, board committees and management.

There is clarity in the authority of the board, its committees and individual directors.

#### Practice 2.1

The board has a board charter which is periodically reviewed and published on the company's website. The board charter clearly identifies—

- the respective roles and responsibilities of the board, board committees, individual directors and management; and
- issues and decisions reserved for the board.

| Application :   | Applied   |
|---|---|
| Explanation on application of the practice            | The Board retains full and effective control of the Group. The Board has the primary responsibility for guiding and monitoring the business and affairs of the Group including compliance with the Company's corporate governance objectives. In giving effect to this Board Charter, each Director will at all times act honestly, fairly and diligently in all respects in accordance with the law applicable to the Company. Each Director will at all times act in the interests of shareholders of the Company and of the Company as a whole, and will have regard to the interests of employees and customers of the Group and the community and environment in which the Group operates.  The salient features of the Board Charter had been uploaded on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.gfmservices.com.my">www.gfmservices.com.my</a> .  The Board has delegated specific responsibilities to various Board Committees namely the Audit and Risk Management Committee ("ARMC"), the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") whose functions are within their respective terms of reference approved by the Board. The said terms of reference are periodically reviewed by the Board. The said terms of reference are periodically reviewed by the Board, as and when necessary and the Board appoints the Chairman and members of each committees. These Committees assist the Board in making informed decisions through in-depth discussions on issues in discharge of the respective committees' terms of reference and responsibilities. The Chairmen of the various committees will report to the Board the outcome of the Committee meetings which will be recorded in the minutes of the Board meeting. The ultimate responsibility for decision making, however, lies with the Board. |
| Explanation for : departure                           |   |
|   |   |
| Large companies are requ<br>to complete the columns b | ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged below.   |
| Measure :   |   |
| Timeframe :   |   |

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

# Practice 3.1

The board establishes a Code of Conduct and Ethics for the company, and together with management implements its policies and procedures, which include managing conflicts of interest, preventing the abuse of power, corruption, insider trading and money laundering.

The Code of Conduct and Ethics is published on the company's website.

| Application :                                      | Applied  |
|--|--|
| Explanation on : application of the practice       | The Board acknowledges and emphasises the importance for all Directors and employees of GFM Services Group to embrace the highest standards of corporate governance practices and ethical standards.  In this respect, the Board has formalised a Code of Ethics and Code of Conduct. These codes are aimed to emphasise the Company's commitment to ethics and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. |
|  | The Code of Ethics and Code of Conduct had been uploaded on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.gfmservices.com.my">www.gfmservices.com.my</a> .   |
| Explanation for : departure                        |  |
|  |  |
| Large companies are requito complete the columns b | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.  |
| Measure :  |  |
| Timeframe :  |  |

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

#### Practice 3.2

The board establishes, reviews and together with management implements policies and procedures on whistleblowing.

| Application :   | Applied  |
|---|--|
| Explanation on : application of the practice            | To enhance corporate governance practices across the Group, a whistle-blowing policy was adopted which provide Directors, employees, shareholders, vendors or any parties with a business relationship of the Group with an avenue to report suspected wrongdoings that may adversely impact the Group.  The aim of this policy is to encourage the reporting of such matters in |
|   | good faith, with the confidence that the person filing the report, as far as possible, be protected from reprisal, harassment or subsequent discrimination.  |
|   | The details of the whistle-blowing policy are available for reference at the Company's website at <a href="https://www.gfmservices.com.my">www.gfmservices.com.my</a> .  |
| Explanation for : departure                             |  |
|   |  |
| Large companies are requi<br>to complete the columns be | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.  |
| Measure :   |  |
| Timeframe :   |  |

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

# Practice 4.1

At least half of the board comprises independent directors. For Large Companies, the board comprises a majority independent directors.

| Application :   | Applied   |
|---|---|
| Explanation on application of the practice              | The principle emphasises the importance of right board composition in bringing value to the board deliberation and transparency of policies and procedures in selection and evaluation of Board members.  |
|   | The Board currently has seven (7) members, consisting of one (1) Independent Non-Executive Chairman, three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors, and three (3) Non-Independent Non-Executive Directors.  |
|   | The Company complies with the criteria of Bursa Securities' ACE LR ensuring that at least two (2) Directors or one-third (1/3) of the Board of Directors, whichever is the higher, are independent directors.   |
|   | The profiles of each of the Directors are presented on pages 32 to 38 of the 2019 Annual Report.  |
|   | The current composition of the Board is well balanced with the presence of Independent Non-Executive Directors of the necessary calibre to carry sufficient weight in the Board's decision-making process. All Independent Non-Executive Directors are independent of management duties and they do not have any family relationship with any of the other Board members which could interfere with their exercise of independent judgement during the decision-making process of the Board or the ability to act in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders. |
| Explanation for : departure                             |   |
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| Measure :   |   |
| Timeframe :   |   |
|   |   |

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

#### Practice 4.2

The tenure of an independent director does not exceed a cumulative term limit of nine years. Upon completion of the nine years, an independent director may continue to serve on the board as a non-independent director.

If the board intends to retain an independent director beyond nine years, it should justify and seek annual shareholders' approval. If the board continues to retain the independent director after the twelfth year, the board should seek annual shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process.

| Application            | :      | Not applicable - Step Up 4.3 adopted                                  |
|------------------------|--------|---|
| Explanation on         | :      |   |
| application of the     |        |   |
| practice               |        |   |
| practice               |        |   |
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| Explanation for        | •      |   |
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Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

# Practice 4.3- Step Up

The board has a policy which limits the tenure of its independent directors to nine years.

| Application :    | Adopted   |
|------------------|---|
| Explanation on : | The Board has adopted the policy that the tenure of an Independent  |
| adoption of the  | Director shall not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years.  |
| practice         |   |
|                  | However, an Independent Director may continue to serve the Board upon reaching the 9-year limit subject to the Independent Director's redesignation as a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director.                              |
|                  | In the event the Board intends to retain the Director as Independent after the latter has served a cumulative term of nine (9) years, the Board must justify the decision and seek shareholders' approval at general meeting. |
|                  | In justifying the decision, the NRC is entrusted to assess the candidate's suitability to continue as an Independent Non-Executive Director based on the criteria on independence and the candidate's performance.            |

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

# Practice 4.4

Appointment of board and senior management are based on objective criteria, merit and with due regard for diversity in skills, experience, age, cultural background and gender.

| Application :   | Applied  |
|---|--|
| Explanation on application of the practice              | <ul> <li>The NRC will recommend to the Board on suitable candidates for appointment as Board members, member of Board Committees and Executive Director of the Company based on the following evaluation criteria:-</li> <li>skills, knowledge, expertise and experience;</li> <li>professionalism;</li> <li>time commitment to effectively discharge his role as a Director;</li> <li>contribution and performance;</li> <li>character, integrity and competence;</li> <li>boardroom diversity including gender diversity; and</li> <li>in the case of candidates for the position of Independent Non-Executive Directors, the NRC shall also evaluate the candidates' ability to discharge such responsibilities/functions as are expected from Independent Non-Executive Directors.</li> <li>The NRC will arrange for the induction of any new Directors appointed to the Board to enable them to have a full understanding of the nature of the business, current issues within the Company and corporate</li> </ul> |
|   | strategies as well as the structure and management of the Company.   |
| Explanation for : departure                             |  |
|   |  |
| Large companies are requi<br>to complete the columns be | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.  |
| Measure :   |  |
| Timeframe :   |  |

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

# Practice 4.5

The board discloses in its annual report the company's policies on gender diversity, its targets and measures to meet those targets. For Large Companies, the board must have at least 30% women directors.

| Application   | : | Departure  |
|---|---|--|
| Explanation on application of the practice  | : |  |
| Explanation for departure   |   | The Board currently does not have a formal policy on its boardroom or gender diversity. The evaluation and selection criteria of a Director are very much dependent on the effective blend of knowledge, skills, competencies, experiences and time commitment of the new Board member. Nonetheless, the Board is supportive of gender diversity in the Boardroom composition as recommended by the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance and will endeavour to consider suitable and qualified female candidates for appointment to the Board. |
| Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below. |   |  |
| Measure   | ÷ | The Board alongside the NRC is continually seeking suitable candidacy to address gender diversity based on merit and relevant experience and skill-set that would support and enhance value creation to the business.  |
| Timeframe   |   | 2 – 3 years  |

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

# Practice 4.6

In identifying candidates for appointment of directors, the board does not solely rely on recommendations from existing board members, management or major shareholders. The board utilises independent sources to identify suitably qualified candidates.

| Application :                                      | Applied  |
|--|--|
| Explanation on : application of the practice       | The Board is confident that its current size and composition is sufficient and effective in discharging the Board's responsibilities and in meeting the Group's current needs and requirements.  |
|  | The profile of the Board members are set out in the 2019 Annual Report on pages 32 to 38.  |
|  | The Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance endorses a formal procedure for appointments to the Board based on the recommendation of a nominating committee. As such the Board has established a NRC who is responsible for:-   |
|  | recruitment, retention, training and basically developing the best available Directors suitable for the Company;   |
|  | management of the Board's renewal and succession planning effectively; and   |
|  | <ul> <li>reviewing and recommending to the Board, the remuneration<br/>frameworks for Directors and assists the Company in ensuring that<br/>the remuneration of the Directors reflects the responsibility and<br/>commitment undertaken by the Board membership.</li> </ul> |
|  | When there are changes in the regulatory requirements and retirement of Directors, the Board would through the NRC review the composition of the Board members in order to ensure that the current composition of its Board functions competently.                           |
| Explanation for : departure                        |  |
|  |  |
| Large companies are requito complete the columns b | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.  |
| Measure :  |  |
| Timeframe :  |  |

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

# Practice 4.7

The Nominating Committee is chaired by an Independent Director or the Senior Independent Director.

| Application  | : | Applied   |
|--|---|---|
| Explanation on application of the practice   | : | The Chairman of the NRC is Mr. Zainal Arifin Bin Khalid, an Independent Non-Executive Director. |
| Explanation for departure  | : |   |
|  |   |   |
| Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged |   |   |
| to complete the columns below.   |   |   |
| Measure  | : |   |
| Timeframe  | : |   |

Stakeholders are able to form an opinion on the overall effectiveness of the board and individual directors.

#### Practice 5.1

The board should undertake a formal and objective annual evaluation to determine the effectiveness of the board, its committees and each individual director. The board should disclose how the assessment was carried out and its outcome.

For Large Companies, the board engages independent experts periodically to facilitate objective and candid board evaluations.

| Application :                                | Applied   |
|--|---|
| Explanation on : application of the practice | The Board, through the NRC, undertakes the process to assess the effectiveness and performances of each individual Director annually.               |
|  | The assessment is based on each Director's contribution, roles and duties, personal attributes, attendance record and training activities attended. |
| Explanation for : departure                  |   |
|  |   |
| Large companies are requi                    | ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged  |
| to complete the columns b                    | elow.   |
| Measure :                                    |   |
| Timeframe :                                  |   |

The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

## Practice 6.1

The board has in place policies and procedures to determine the remuneration of directors and senior management, which takes into account the demands, complexities and performance of the company as well as skills and experience required. The policies and procedures are periodically reviewed and made available on the company's website.

| Application :   | Applied |  |
|---|---------|--|
| Explanation on application of the practice  | 1.1     |  |
| Explanation for : departure   |         |  |
| Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below. |         |  |
| Measure :   |         |  |
| Timeframe :   |         |  |

The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

# Practice 6.2

The board has a Remuneration Committee to implement its policies and procedures on remuneration including reviewing and recommending matters relating to the remuneration of board and senior management.

The Committee has written Terms of Reference which deals with its authority and duties and these Terms are disclosed on the company's website.

| Application :  | Applied  |
|--|--|
|  | - ' '  |
| Explanation on : application of the practice             | In general, the component parts of the remuneration for Executive Directors are structured so as to link rewards to corporate and individual performance of the Executive Directors. The remuneration of the Executive Director includes salaries and other emoluments, bonus and benefits in kind.  |
|  | The level of remuneration for the Independent Non-Executive Directors, reflects the experience and level of responsibilities undertaken by the particular Independent Non-Executive concerned. Currently the Non-Executive Directors are paid Director's fees and attendance allowance for Board/general meetings they attended.   |
|  | The Company's remuneration policy for Directors is formulated to attract and retain competent individuals. The remuneration is structured to link experience, expertise and level of responsibility undertaken by the Directors.   |
|  | The NRC is entrusted with the responsibilities to make recommendations on the remuneration package for the Executive Directors to the Board. It is the ultimate responsibility of the entire Board to approve the remuneration of these Directors. Non-Executive Directors' remuneration will be decided by the Board as a whole with the Director concerned abstaining from deliberation and voting on decisions in respect of his individual remuneration. |
| Explanation for : departure                              |  |
|  |  |
| Large companies are requir<br>to complete the columns be | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.  |
| Measure :  |  |
| Timeframe :  |  |

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

## Practice 7.1

There is detailed disclosure on named basis for the remuneration of individual directors. The remuneration breakdown of individual directors includes fees, salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments.

| Application   | : | Applied  |
|---|---|--|
| Explanation on application of the practice  |   | The detailed breakdown of individual Directors' remuneration are disclosed in the Corporate Governance Overview Statement of the 2019 Annual Report. |
| Explanation for departure   |   |  |
| Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below. |   |  |
| Measure   |   |  |
| Timeframe   |   |  |

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

# Practice 7.2

The board discloses on a named basis the top five senior management's remuneration component including salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments in bands of RM50,000.

| Application   | : | Departure   |
|---|---|---|
| Explanation on application of the practice  |   |   |
| Explanation for departure   |   | The Company had disclosed the Senior Management's remuneration component in bands width of RM50,000 on designation basis. |
|   |   |   |
| Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below. |   |   |
| Measure   | : | The Board will consider disclosure in future annual report.   |
| Timeframe   | : | 2 – 3 years   |

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

# Practice 7.3 - Step Up

Companies are encouraged to fully disclose the detailed remuneration of each member of senior management on a named basis.

| Application                             | : | Not Adopted |
|---|---|-------------|
| Explanation on adoption of the practice | : |             |

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.1

The Chairman of the Audit Committee is not the Chairman of the board.

| Application :                                | Applied   |  |
|--|---|--|
| Explanation on : application of the practice | The ARMC comprises of five (5) members, i.e. three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors ("INEDs") and two (2) Non-Independent Non-Executive Directors. Both the ARMC and BOD Chairman are not the same person. |  |
|  | The ARMC Chairman, Mr. Ashok Virendra Shah is a fellow member of Singapore Society of Accountants, member of Chartered Accountants of India and member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.                 |  |
|  | Whereas the BOD Chairman, Mr. Abdul Rahim Bin Abdul Hamid is a fellow of Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, United Kingdom and member of the Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants.    |  |
| Explanation for : departure                  |   |  |
| Large companies are requi                    | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged   |  |
| to complete the columns below.               |   |  |
| Measure :                                    |   |  |
| Timeframe :                                  |   |  |

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

#### Practice 8.2

The Audit Committee has a policy that requires a former key audit partner to observe a cooling-off period of at least two years before being appointed as a member of the Audit Committee.

| Application :                                | Applied   |
|--|---|
| Explanation on : application of the practice | The policy on observation of a cooling-off period of at least two (2) years for a former key audit partner prior to the appointment as a member of ARMC, was incorporated in the Terms of Reference of ARMC.  Currently, all the ARMC members are not the former key audit partner. |
| Explanation for : departure                  |   |
|  |   |
| Large companies are requi                    | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged   |
| to complete the columns b                    | elow.   |
| Measure :                                    |   |
| Timeframe :                                  |   |

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

#### Practice 8.3

The Audit Committee has policies and procedures to assess the suitability, objectivity and independence of the external auditor.

| Application :   | Applied  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Explanation on application of the practice  | The ARMC had adopted the policies and procedures to assess the suitability, objectivity and independence of the external auditor, and the checklist had uploaded to the Company's website at <a href="https://www.gfmservices.com.my">www.gfmservices.com.my</a> . |  |
| Explanation for : departure   |  |  |
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|   |  |  |
| Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below. |  |  |
| Measure :   |  |  |
| Timeframe :   |  |  |

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

# Practice 8.4 - Step Up

The Audit Committee should comprise solely of Independent Directors.

| Application                             | : N | Not Adopted |  |                     |
|---|-----|-------------|--|---------------------|
| Explanation on adoption of the practice | w   | hom a       | MC comprises of five (5) Non-Executive Directors.  nposition of the ARMC are as follows:-  | ectors, majority of |
|   |     | No.         | Name   | Designation         |
|   |     | 1.          | Mr. Ashok Virendra Shah (Independent Non-Executive Director)                               | Chairman            |
|   |     | 2.          | Mr. Abdul Rahim Bin Abdul Hamid<br>(Independent Non-Executive Director,<br>Board Chairman) | Member              |
|   |     | 3.          | Mr. Yong Hee Kong<br>(Independent Non-Executive Director)                                  | Member              |
|   |     | 4.          | Mr. Ruslan Bin Nordin (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)                             | Member              |
|   |     | 5.          | Mr. Zainal Bin Amir<br>(Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)                            | Member              |
|   |     |             | 1  |                     |

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

#### Practice 8.5

Collectively, the Audit Committee should possess a wide range of necessary skills to discharge its duties. All members should be financially literate and are able to understand matters under the purview of the Audit Committee including the financial reporting process.

All members of the Audit Committee should undertake continuous professional development to keep themselves abreast of relevant developments in accounting and auditing standards, practices and rules.

| Application |
|-------------|
| Explanation |
| on          |
| application |
| of the      |
| practice    |

Applied

The ARMC comprises of five (5) members, majority of whom are Independent Directors. The composition of the ARMC, including its roles and responsibilities are set out on pages 55 and 56 of the 2019 Annual Report.

The ARMC assist the Board in overseeing the Group's financial reporting processes and the quality of its financial reporting. One of the key responsibilities of the ARMC is to ensure that the financial statements of the Group and Company comply with applicable financial reporting standards in Malaysia. Such financial statements comprise the quarterly financial report announced to Bursa Securities and the annual statutory financial statements.

During the financial year, all the ARMC Members had participated in various training program. Particulars of the seminars and courses attended are as follows:-

| Name of Directors         | Date               | Seminar / Training Course Title  |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Ashok<br>Virendra<br>Shah | 5 November<br>2019 | Forum on Corporate Governance in the<br>Capital Markets  |
| Abdul Rahim               | 7 March 2019       | Governance Symposium   |
| Bin Abdul<br>Hamid        | 26 June 2019       | Bursa Thought Leadership –<br>Leadership Greatness in Turbulent<br>Times: Building Corporate Longevity |
|                           | 31 July 2019       | Latest Development of the Malaysian<br>Code on Corporate Governance                                    |
|                           | 23 August<br>2019  | Bursa Thought Leadership – The<br>Convergence of Digitalisation and<br>Sustainability                  |
| Zainal Bin<br>Amir        | 7 November<br>2019 | The Role of the Board – Talent<br>Management & Succession Planning                                     |

|                   | Name of Directors   | Date              | Seminar / Training Course Title   |  |
|-------------------|---|-------------------|---|--|
|                   | Yong Hee<br>Kong  | January<br>2019   | The 2019 Malaysia Economic and<br>Strategic Outlook Forum   |  |
|                   | Rong  | March 2019        | Optimising Outcomes and Creating Values in a Changing Healthcare Landscape  |  |
|                   |   | March 2019        | PowerTalk No. 3 on Revisiting the Misconception of Board Remuneration   |  |
|                   |   | April 2019        | How Strategic Is Your Board   |  |
|                   |   | April 2019        | Launch of the Securities Commission's<br>Corporate Governance Monitor 2019  |  |
|                   |   | April 2019        | Education and Learning in a Fast-<br>Changing and Disruptive World  |  |
|                   |   | June 2019         | Leadership Greatness in Turbulent Times<br>Building Corporate Longevity   |  |
|                   |   | June 2019         | The Future of Asia in a New Era of<br>Disruption and Trade Wars   |  |
|                   |   | July 2019         | Malaysian Economic Summit 2019 with the<br>Theme, "The Challenge for Malaysia –<br>Shared Prosperity, Competitiveness &<br>Economic Growth" |  |
|                   |   | July 2019         | National Forum on Sustainability, CSR & SDG 2019  |  |
|                   |   | July 2019         | 20 <sup>th</sup> Malaysia Economic Monitor – Re-<br>energizing the Public Service   |  |
|                   |   | August 2019       | Digital HR & Talent Management<br>Conference  |  |
|                   |   | September<br>2019 | Multiculturalism and Nation Building in<br>Plural and Dividend Societies:<br>Constitutional Experiences                                     |  |
|                   |   | October<br>2019   | The Future of the Asia-Pacific Economies<br>Beyond 2020   |  |
|                   |   | October<br>2019   | 4 <sup>th</sup> Liberalism Conference   |  |
|                   | Ruslan Bin<br>Nordin  | 29 April 2019     | Fundamentals of Corporate Directorship – The Role of the Board in Strategy and Risk Management Oversight                                    |  |
|                   |   | 27 June<br>2019   | When Disruption Meets Tradition – ICDM<br>Power Talk  |  |
| Explanation : for |   |                   |   |  |
| departure         |   |                   |   |  |
|                   | Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below. |                   |   |  |
| Measure :         |   |                   |   |  |
| Timeframe :       |   |                   |   |  |
|                   |   |                   |   |  |

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

**Practice 9.1**The board should establish an effective risk management and internal control framework.

| Application                | Applied  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Application :              | Applied  |
| Explanation on :           | The Board has overall responsibility of maintaining a system of internal |
| application of the         | controls and risk management which provides reasonable assurance of      |
| practice                   | effective and efficient operations and compliance with laws and          |
| praemee                    | regulations as well as with internal policies and procedures.            |
|                            | regulations as well as with internal policies and procedures.            |
|                            |  |
|                            | The Board recognises that risks cannot be fully eliminated. As such, the |
|                            | systems, processes and procedures being put in place are aimed at        |
|                            | minimising and managing them and to provide reasonable and not           |
|                            | absolute assurance against material misstatement, loss or fraud.         |
|                            | , , , , ,  |
| Explanation for :          |  |
| •                          |  |
| departure                  |  |
|                            |  |
|                            |  |
|                            |  |
|                            |  |
| Large companies are requir | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged    |
| to complete the columns be |  |
|                            | SIOW.  |
| Magazina                   |  |
| Measure :                  |  |
|                            |  |
|                            |  |
| Timeframe :                |  |
|                            |  |
|                            |  |
|                            | I  |

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

## Practice 9.2

The board should disclose the features of its risk management and internal control framework, and the adequacy and effectiveness of this framework.

| Application :                                       | Applied   |
|---|---|
| Explanation on application of the practice          | Risk Management regarded by the Board to be an integral part of the system of internal control and is a good management practice that strengthens the business planning processes. The Group has an ongoing and systematic risk management process to identify, evaluate and manage the significant risks and to ensure that appropriate risk treatments are in place to mitigate those risks affecting the achievement of the Group's business objectives. This ongoing process is undertaken at all the major subsidiaries of the Group, as well as collectively at the Group level.  The Board regularly reviews internal control issues identified by internal auditors, management and evaluates the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system on an on-going basis. The Group's key elements of internal control are as follows:  1. Clearly defined delegation of responsibilities to management and operating units, including authorisation levels for key aspects of the business.  2. Clearly documented internal policies, guidelines, procedures and manual, which are updated from time to time.  3. Regular meetings are held at operational and management levels to identify and resolve business, financial, operational and management issues and address weakness and improve efficiency.  4. Engage and appoint solicitors, financial advisors and other competent professional as may be required in respect of any corporate exercise undertaken by the Group.  5. Financial results are reviewed on a quarterly basis by the Board and ARMC.  6. Informal Board and management meetings at operational level are held during the financial year to assess performance and controls. |
| Explanation for : departure                         |   |
| Large companies are requito complete the columns be | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.   |
| Timeframe :   |   |

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

# Practice 9.3 - Step Up

The board establishes a Risk Management Committee, which comprises a majority of independent directors, to oversee the company's risk management framework and policies.

| Application :                           | Adopted  |
|---|--|
| Explanation on adoption of the practice | The Company had combined both Audit Committee and Risk Management Committee to overseeing the risk management function together with the Management. |

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

## Practice 10.1

The Audit Committee should ensure that the internal audit function is effective and able to function independently.

|   | T  |
|---|--|
| Application :   | Applied  |
| Explanation on application of the practice            | The Group outsources its internal audit function to a professional services firm, namely KPMG Management & Risk Consulting Sdn. Bhd.  To ensure that the responsibilities of Internal Audit are fully discharged, the ARMC review:  adequacy of scope, functions and resources of the firm of internal auditors (that was engaged to undertake the internal audit function) and that it has the necessary authority to carry out its work;  the internal audit program and results of the internal audit process and, where necessary, ensure that appropriate actions are taken |
|   | <ul> <li>on the recommendations of the internal audit function;</li> <li>the major findings of internal audit investigations and management's response, and ensure that appropriate actions are taken on the recommendations of the internal audit function;</li> <li>review any appraisal or assessment of the performance of members of the internal audit function; and</li> <li>review and approve any appointment or termination of senior staff members of the internal audit function.</li> </ul>   |
| Explanation for : departure                           |  |
|   |  |
| Large companies are requ<br>to complete the columns b | rired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged below.   |
| Measure :   |  |
| Timeframe :   |  |

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

## Practice 10.2

The board should disclose-

- whether internal audit personnel are free from any relationships or conflicts of interest, which could impair their objectivity and independence;
- the number of resources in the internal audit department;
- name and qualification of the person responsible for internal audit; and
- whether the internal audit function is carried out in accordance with a recognised framework.

| Application :  | Applied  |
|--|--|
| Explanation on : application of the practice             | The Company has appointed KPMG Management & Risk Consulting Sdn. Bhd. ("Internal Auditors"), a professional firm of qualifies accountants, to undertake the internal audit function.  The role of the Internal Auditors is to provide the Committee with |
|  | independent and objective reports on the systems and state of internal controls of the Company.  |
|  | The Internal Auditors were engaged to conduct regular review and appraisals of the effectiveness of the governance, risk management and internal control process within the Company and the Group.   |
|  | The Internal Auditors, who report directly to the ARMC are given full access to all the documents relating to the Company and Group's governance, financial statements and operational assessments.  |
| Explanation for : departure                              |  |
|  |  |
| Large companies are requir<br>to complete the columns be | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.  |
| Measure :  |  |
| Timeframe :  |  |

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

**Practice 11.1**The board ensures there is effective, transparent and regular communication with its stakeholders.

| Application :   | Applied  |
|---|--|
| Explanation on application of the practice              | The Company aims to ensure that the shareholders and investors are kept informed of all major corporate developments, financial performance and other relevant information by promptly disseminating such information to shareholders and investors via announcements to Bursa Securities, which is in line with Bursa Securities' objectives of ensuring transparency and good corporate governance practices, through dialogue with analysts and the media.  The Annual Report and the quarterly announcements are the primary mode of communications to report on the Group's business activities and financial performance to all shareholders.  The Company also maintains an effective communication channel between the Board, shareholders and the general public through timely dissemination of all material information. Minority shareholders may communicate with the Company through the Company's website (www.gfmservices.com.my). |
| Explanation for : departure                             |  |
|   |  |
| Large companies are requi<br>to complete the columns be | red to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged elow.  |
| Measure :   |  |
| Timeframe :   |  |

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

# Practice 11.2

Large companies are encouraged to adopt integrated reporting based on a globally recognised framework.

| Application                                | Departure   |
|--|---|
| Explanation on application of the practice |   |
| Explanation for departure                  | The Company would consider adopting integrated reporting based on globally recognised framework in the near future. |
|  |   |
| Large companies are requ                   | ired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged  |
| to complete the columns i                  | pelow.  |
| Measure                                    |   |
| Timeframe                                  |   |

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

## Practice 12.1

Notice for an Annual General Meeting should be given to the shareholders at least 28 days prior to the meeting.

| Application  | : Applied   |
|--|---|
| Explanation on application of the practice         | <ul> <li>The Notice of Annual General Meeting ("AGM") for year 2020 will be circulated at least twenty-eight (28) days prior to the date of the AGM to enable shareholders to have sufficient time to peruse the 2019 Annual Report and papers supporting the resolutions proposed.</li> <li>The additional time given to shareholders allows them to make the necessary arrangements to attend and participate in person.</li> <li>GFM's 2019 Annual Report will be available on the Company's website at www.gfmservices.com.my.</li> </ul> |
| Explanation for departure                          |   |
| Large companies are req<br>to complete the columns | uired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged below.  |
| Measure  |   |
| Timeframe  |   |

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

# Practice 12.2

All directors attend General Meetings. The Chair of the Audit, Nominating, Risk Management and other committees provide meaningful response to questions addressed to them.

| Application :   | Applied   |
|---|---|
| Explanation on application of the practice  | All the Directors would be invited to attend and participate at the AGM. The Board encourages shareholders to attend the AGM and participate in its proceedings. Opportunity is given to the shareholders to ask questions and seek clarification on the business and performance of the Group.  The ARMC is available at the AGM to answer questions and consider suggestions. The External Auditors are also present to provide their professional and independent clarification on issues of concern raised by the shareholders, if any. |
| Explanation for : departure   |   |
|   |   |
| Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below. |   |
| Measure :   |   |
| Timeframe :   |   |

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

# Practice 12.3

Listed companies with a large number of shareholders or which have meetings in remote locations should leverage technology to facilitate—

- including voting in absentia; and
- remote shareholders' participation at General Meetings.

| Application :   | Departure  |
|---|--|
| Explanation on : application of the practice  |  |
| Explanation for : departure   | The AGM of the Company is being held at location in the city area and accessible via public transport.   |
|   | As an alternative to the recommended practice, shareholders who are unable to attend the AGM in person, they are encouraged to appoint one (1) or up to two (2) proxies to attend and vote on his/her stead.   |
|   | The Company conducts a poll voting on each resolution tabled during the general meetings to support shareholders participation. As the number of shareholders of the Company is not large, the Company currently conducts a manual poll voting instead of electronic poll voting. With the poll voting, each shareholder present in person or represented by proxy at the general meeting will be entitled to vote on a one-share, one-vote basis. At least one (1) scrutineer is appointed to validate the votes cast at the meeting. |
|   | Moving forward, the Company will consider leverage on technology to facilitate greater shareholders' participation in general meetings.  |
| Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below. |  |
| Measure :   |  |
| Timeframe :   |  |

# SECTION B - DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PERSUANT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

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